

$$10.) (18x^5 - 36x^4) - (5x^3 - 7)(3x^2 - 6x + 2)$$

$$18x^5 - 36x^4 + (35x^5 - 65x^4 + 25x^3 - 21x^2 + 42x - 14)$$

$$18x^5 - 35x^5 - 36x^4 + 65x^4 - 25x^3 + \boxed{21x^2} - 42x + 14$$

$$-17x^5 + 21x^2 - 42x + 14$$

$$-12 \div -2 = 6 \quad \boxed{A}$$

$$11.) (4x+2)(2x-3)$$

$$4x^2 - 28x + 2x - 14$$

$$4x^2 - 26x - 14 \quad \boxed{A}$$

$$12.) (4x^3 - 2) + (5x^2 - 2x - 7)$$

$$9x^3 - 2$$

$$-5x^2 - 2x + 7$$

$$9x^3 - 5x^2 - 2x + 5 \quad \boxed{A}$$

$$13.) \frac{4x^3 - 81x^2 + 22x}{9x} \quad GCF = 9x$$

$$9x(x^2 - 9x + 8)$$

$$9x(x-8)(x-1) \quad \boxed{A}$$

$$14.) \frac{5\sqrt{x}}{5\sqrt{0.2}} \quad \frac{5x^2}{(5\sqrt{0.2})^2} \quad \frac{\frac{5}{2}x^2}{(2.5)} \quad x = 0.2$$

$$\frac{2.2}{0.2} \quad \frac{0.2}{12.5} \quad \frac{0.2}{0.04}$$

$$15.) \frac{x^2 + 6x + 8}{(x+2)(x+4)} \quad \frac{\cancel{x^2 + 6x + 8}}{\cancel{(x+2)(x+4)}} \quad \boxed{D}$$

$$1.) 0.04 > 0.2 \quad C.) 0.04 > 125$$

$$B.) 2.2 > 12.5 \quad D.) 2.2 > 0.2$$

$$16.) \frac{I}{x+4} \quad \frac{B}{-10x^2 + 90x - 200} \quad GCF = -10$$

$$\frac{-10}{-10} \quad \frac{x^2 - 9x + 20}{-10} \quad \frac{20}{2+10} \\ -10(x^2 - 9x + 20) \\ -10(x-4)(x-5) \quad 4.5$$

$$17.) \frac{x^2 + 6x + 16}{(x+4)(x-2)} \quad \frac{\cancel{x^2 + 6x + 16}}{\cancel{(x+4)(x-2)}} \quad \boxed{B}$$

$$\frac{x-2}{x+4} \quad \boxed{B}$$

$$(3, 4) \quad x \rightarrow \text{rolls of wrapping paper} \\ y \rightarrow \text{packages of ribbon}$$

$$7x - 4 = 4x + 7x + 8 \\ 7x - 4 = \boxed{11x} + 8 \\ 7x - 11x = 8 + 4 \\ -4x = 12 \\ x = -3 \quad \boxed{B}$$

So, since $x=3, y=4$

3 rolls of wrapping paper and 4 packages of ribbon \boxed{A}

21. The solution set of an inequality is listed below.



$$x \geq 4$$

Which inequality has the solution set shown on the number line?

A. $\frac{x}{6} \leq -\frac{2}{3} + (-4)$

$$x \geq 4$$

B. $\frac{x}{6} \leq -\frac{2}{3} + 4$

C. $\frac{x}{6} \leq \frac{2}{3} - 6$

$$x \leq 4$$

D. $-\frac{x}{6} \leq \frac{2}{3} - (-6)$

$$x \leq -4$$

$$x \geq -4$$

or

22. Which graph shows the solution set of the inequality: $|3r - 1| > 13$



$$3r - 1 > 13$$

$$3r > 13 + 1$$



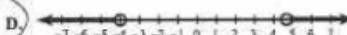
$$3r > 13 + 1$$

$$3r < -12 + 1$$



$$\frac{3r}{3} > \frac{14}{3}$$

$$\frac{3r}{3} < -12 + 1$$



$$r > \frac{14}{3}$$

$$r < -4$$

$$r > 4.6$$

open

23. Jeremy makes and sells bobbleheads. His monthly goal is to make a profit over \$1,500.

- * He sells each bobblehead for \$30.
- * He has a monthly fixed cost of \$725.

The inequality $30x + 725 > 1,500$ models the situation. Which best describes the meaning of x in the inequality?

- A. The number of bobbleheads that Jeremy must sell to recover his monthly fixed costs
- B. The profit made from 2 months of sales
- C. The number of bobbleheads Jeremy must sell to reach his goal
- D. The profit made from selling 30 bobbleheads

$$30x + 725 > 1500$$

goal

Cost
fixed cost
each
bobblehead